



The ALMA observatory and how to use it

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On behalf of the IRAM ARC node

ALMA



World wide collaboration

- Atacama Large Millimeter/Submillimeter Array
- Europe (ESO)
- North America (USA, Canada, Taiwan)
- Eastern Asia (Japan, Taiwan, South Korea)
- Chile

- Main array: 50 x 12 m antennas
- ALMA Compact Array (ACA): 4 x 12m + 12 x 7m
- Frequency range: 30—900 GHz (0.3—10 mm)
- 16 km max. baseline

Requirements



- Detect spectral line emission of CO and CI in a normal galaxy like the Milky Way at a redshift of 3, in less than 24h observation.
- 2. Image the gas kinematics in protostars and protoplanetary disks around young Sun-like stars at a distance of 150 pc.
- 3. Provide precise images at 0.1 arcsec resolution

ALMA

- JAO
 - Main operations AOS, OSF, SCO
- ARC
 - Interface with user
- ARC node
 - Additional user support

ista San Ambrosio San Felix are not shown

700

400 mi

AOS

OSF

SCO

PERU BOLIVIA Arica* South quique * Coquimbo. SANTIAGO Valparaiso, San Antonio Rancagua Archipielago Juan ARGENTINA Femandez cepción Talcanuano Temuco, Puerto Monti. Easter Island and Isla Sala y Gomoz Punta Arenas .

OSF



San Pedro de Atacama





ALMA antennas







NA and EA antennas

EU antenna + transporter

AOS





Morita array (ACA)





Morita-array (compact array)

- 12 7-m antennas to observe the short spacing
- offered in stand-alone mode starting cycle 4

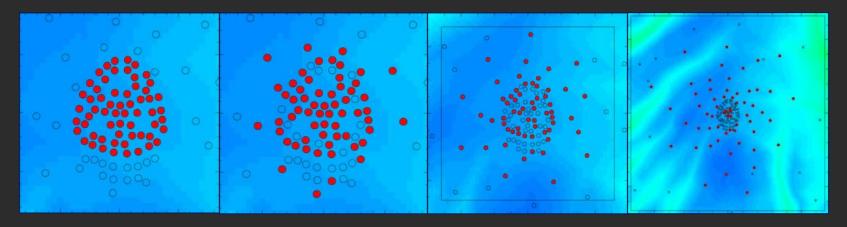
Single-dish antennas

 4 12-m antennas used in single-dish mode to observe the zero-spacing

Main array

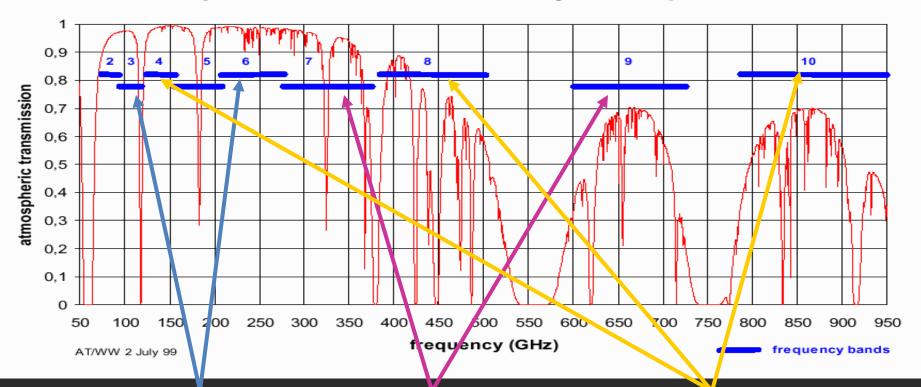


- 50 antennas, 1225 baselines (Goal = 45 antennas used)
- Angular resolution λ/B down to 40 mas (100 GHz), 5 mas (900 GHz)
- 28 (TBC) different antenna configurations, from compact to ~16 km



- Short spacing ACA observations + 4 single-dish antennas (TP)
- Caution: not all projects can have ACA data!
- ALMA imaging simulator in GILDAS and CASA

Atmospheric transmission at Chajnantor, pwv = 0.5 mm



North America

Band 3 (84-116 GHz) Band 6 (211-275 GHz)

Europe

Band 7 (275-373 GHz) Band 9 (602-720 GHz)

Japan

Band 4 (125-163 GHz) Band 8 (385-500 GHz) Band 10 (787-950 GHz)

Freq. coverage: 30—900 GHz

Bandwidth: 8 GHz x 2 polarizations

Band 1 (35-50 GHz): Taiwan

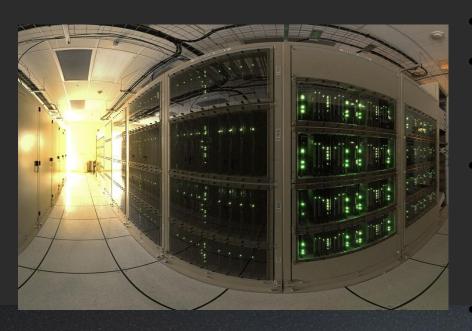
Receivers



- Receiver Bands currently installed on all antennas:
 - Band 3: 3 mm (84-116 GHz)
 - Band 4: 2 mm (125-163 GHz)
 - Band 6: 1 mm (211-275 GHz)
 - Band 7: 850 μm (275-370 GHz)
 - Band 8: 650 μm (385-500 GHz)
 - Band 9: 450 μm (602-720 GHz)
 - Band 10: 350 μm band (787-950 GHz)
- Receiver Bands in development
 - Band 5 : EU 1.5mm (163-211 GHz) started
 - Band 1: TW 7mm (35-50 GHz) planned
- All receivers 8 GHz bandwidth x 2 polar.

Correlators



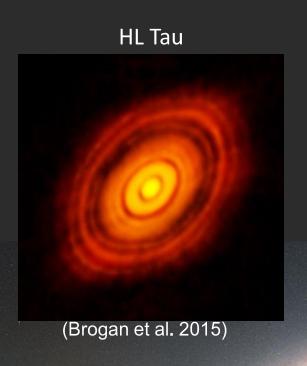


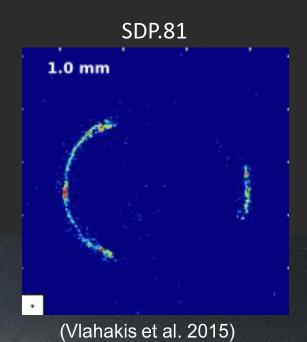
- 4 units of 2 GHz = baseband
- 4 spectral windows per baseband with compromise bandwidth/resolution
- 1/2/4 polarization products (total number of channels = constant)

Caution: data rate limitations!



Long baseline campaign (cycle 3)

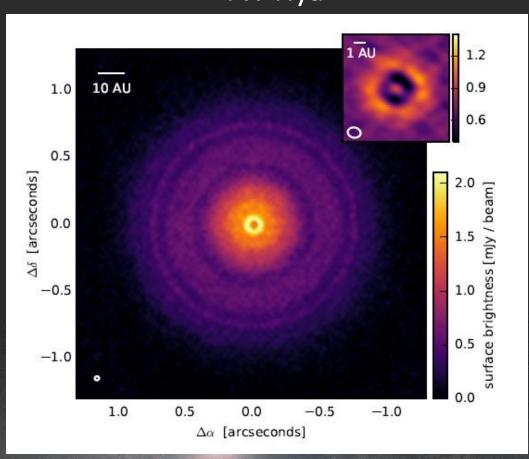






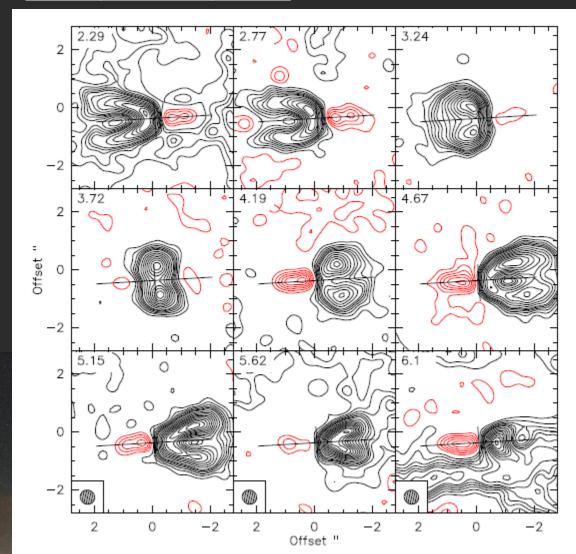
Protoplanetary disks

TW Hya



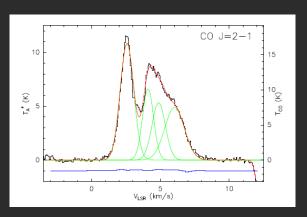
(Andrews et al. 2016)

Protoplanetary disks





Flying Saucer



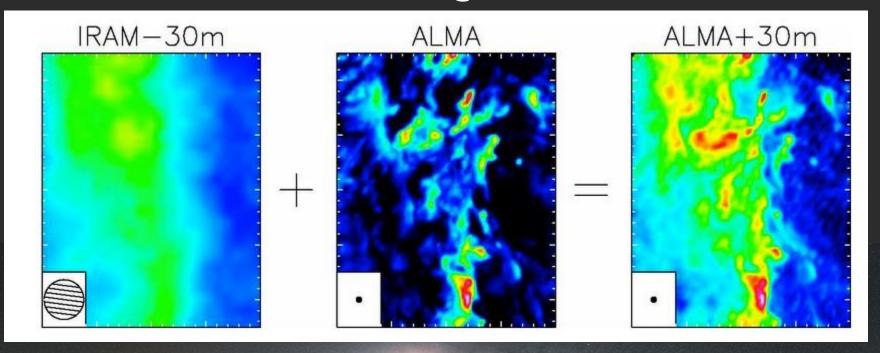
CO @ 230GHz T_{dust} ~ 5 to 7K at 100 au

(Guilloteau et al. 2016)



PDR region

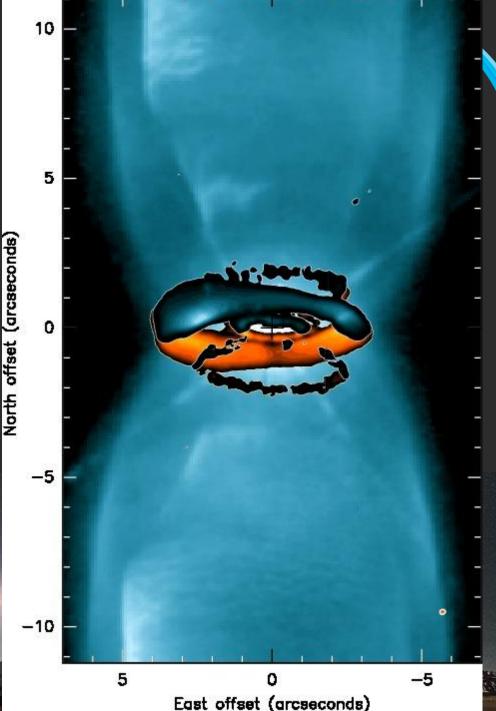
Orion bar @ 345 GHz



(Goicoechea et al. 2016)

Evolved stars







ALMA Operation



ALMA Early Science



Best

effort

basis

Cycle 0: deadline mid 2011; observations in 2012

Cycle 1: deadline Jul 2012; observations in 2013-2014

Cycle 2: deadline Dec 2013: observations in 2014-2015

Cycle 3: deadline May 2015: observations in 2015-2016

Cycle 4: deadline May 2016: observation in 2016-2017

1571 proposals, 475 HP

Cycle 5: end of early science?

Pressure factor ~ 5—10



ALMA capabilities deployment

Now distinguish between standard and non-standard modes

- ACA & SD, polarimetry, long baselines

ALMA Operations



- Service observing operated by JAO with the help of the ARCs
- Proprietary period = 12 months
- One single Time Allocation Committee for NA+EU+EA+CL
 - No guaranteed time
 - EU 33.75%, NA 33.75%, EA 22.5%, Chile 10% F ~ 5%

ALMA Operations



In full operations:

- One call for proposals per year (deadline ~ April) started in Cycle 3
- Dynamic scheduling: best project determined every SB (hour scale) (status?)
- Calibration & imaging pipeline (calibration for standard projects, imaging soon)
- Polarimetry (partially open)
- Large programs (open in Cycle 4)
- ACA stand alone (open in Cycle 4)
- Solar observation (open in Cycle 4)
- VLBI (open in Cycle 4)

ALMA Regional Centers



Scientific operations & user support outside Chile

- Contact point between users and ALMA
- Call for proposals
- ALMA Helpdesk
- Data product support = delivering data and software
- ALMA archive operations

Three ARCs + JAO

ARCs:

- EU : ESO Garching (D)
- NA: NRAO Charlottesville (USA)
- EA: NAOJ Mitaka (J)



European ARC network



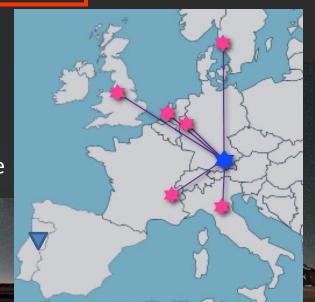
Additional tasks: ARC nodes

- User formation & community development
- Phase II support (validation of SBs)
- Face-to-face support for data reduction
- New developments
- All nodes open to all European scientists but target own community
- IRAM = French, German, and Spanish communities

Seven ARC nodes in Europe

- -INAF Bologna (I)
- -Univ. Bonn (D)
- -IRAM (F,D,E)
- -Leiden Obs. (NL)

- -Manchester Obs. (UK)
- -Onsala Obs. (S,DK,SF)
- –Prague (CZ)
- + Lisbone (P) Center of Expertise



IRAM ARC node



Phase II and f2f support to ALMA

- Local contact assigned to each project
- Use existing infrastructures and procedures
- Travels to Grenoble funded by IRAM (same rules as NOEMA)
- <u>Limited staff</u> (~1 FTE)
- F2F and CS could be in different nodes



	High-Prio.	Fillers	Total	
Cycle 0	14/37	6/17	20/54	37%
Cycle 1	24/62	4/22	28/84	33%
Cycle 2	49/129	8/45	57/174	33%
Cycle 3	52/151	28/92	80/243	33%
Cycle 4	53/161	41/123	94/284	33%

IRAM ARC node



Phase II and f2f support to ALMA

- Local contact assigned to each project
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		High-Prio.	Fillers	Total	Actually supported
C	ycle 0	14/37	6/17	20/54	20
C	ycle 1	24/62	4/22	28/84	28
C	ycle 2	49/129	8/45	57/174	57
C	ycle 3	52/151	28/92	80/243	48
C	ycle 4	53/161	41/123	94/284	64

User support



Contact Scientists

- SB validation for all accepted + fillers projects (> observed projects)
- Interface between PI and ESO & ALMA
- Also: check projects status during Cycle
- helpdesk

f2f support for data reduction

- Main task
- Re-calibration
- Re-imaging
- Covers most bands & observing modes
- Travel funding available (for PI affiliated to IRAM funding agencies)
 + MARCUS (radionet, restarting 2017)
- No funding for specific computing equipment.
- Schools, workshops

How to use ALMA



Getting data



- Phase I: proposal preparation and submission
- Phase II : Science Block preparation
- Observation
- Quality assessment (QA0, QA2)
- Data delivery
- Check the data (QA3)
- Analysis and publication



- Call for proposal issued by JAO and the ARC
- Science portal (almascience.eso.org)
 - Call
 - Documentation
 - Observing tool
 - Duplication check list







Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array

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This is the website for The ALMA Science Portal, served from one of the ALMA Regional Centers (ARCs) of the ALMA partner organizations: ESO, NRAO or NAOJ. You may switch between the different instances of the portal through the links to the appropriate ALMA partner at the top banner. Through this portal you can find details about the technical capabilities of ALMA, how to propose for observing time, and how to access ALMA data. It includes links to all official ALMA documents and tools, including those for preparing and submitting proposals and processing ALMA data. In order to access some of the tools, users must register with the project and login to the portal via the links at the top banner.

Each of the three ARCs provides additional User Services, including a Helpdesk for all user queries. Each ARC

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ALMA Cycle 4 Proposal Review: Detailed Report

Sep 24, 2016

Updated ALMA Configuration Schedule for Cycle 4

Release of ALMA Observations of the Galactic Center

Sep 05, 2016

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Proposing

NRAO

The ALMA Director solicits proposals for observing time with the Atacama Large Millimeter/submm Array. The solicitation is done through a Call for Proposals, announced in this Section of the ALMA Science Portal. Supporting documents and associated software is made available to the community at the time of the call.

Proposals for use of Director's Discretionary Time (DDT) must currently be submitted using the Cycle 3 version of the ALMA Observing Tool available through the DDT proposal page.





Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array

NAOJ



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Summary of documents and tools available for ALMA

Call for Proposals

Documentation supporting the current ALMA Call for Proposals - Cycle 4. Documents from previous Cycles are provided here.

- ALMA Proposer's Guide (Contains all pertinent information regarding the ALMA Call for Proposals)
- ALMA Technical Handbook (A comprehensive description of the ALMA observatory and its components)
- ALMA Users' Policies (The long-term core policies for use of the ALMA and ALMA data by the science community.)
- . Observing With ALMA A Primer (Introduction to interferometry and how to use ALMA)
- · ALMA Proposal Template (LaTeX format. Recommended but not mandatory)
- ALMA Proposal Review Process (An updated ALMA Principles of the ALMA Proposal Review Process)

Observing Tool (OT)

Documents and tools supporting the current ALMA Call for Proposals - Cycle 4.

The ALMA Observing Tool (OT) is a Java application used for the preparation and submission of ALMA Phase 1 (observing proposal) and Phase 2 (telescope runfiles for accepted proposals) materials. The current release of the OT is configured for Cycle 4 Capabilities of ALMA. Note that in order to submit proposals you will have to register with the ALMA Science Portal beforehand.

- · ALMA Observing Tool (takes you to the OT page on the Science Portal)
- · OT Quickstart (A Quick Start Guide for using the Observing Tool)
- OT User Manual (Describes how to use the Observing Tool for preparing ALMA proposals)
- · OT Reference Manual (An in-depth description of the Observing Tool)
- · Video Tutorials on how to use the Observing Tool
- · Known OT issues (for those instances when OT problems are encountered)
- A User's Guide to ALMA Scheduling Blocks is a guide to understanding the structure and content of ALMA Scheduling Blocks (SBs) using the Observing. Tool (OT). In particular this guide may be used by PIs when asked to verify and approve their SBs before they are placed in the queue, ready for observing.

Guides to the ALMA Regional Centers

The ALMA Regional Centers provide user support and host special activities related to their respective regions. Their functions are described in the 'Guide

- Guide to the East Asian ARC
- · Guide to the European ARC
- Guide to the North American ARC

ALMA Sensitivity Calculator (ASC)

The ALMA Sensitivity Calculator (ASC) will calculate the necessary integration times for a given sensitivity, or vice versa, for your ALMA observing project.

ES₀

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- EA ARC



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Call for Proposals

The ALMA Director, on behalf of the Joint ALMA Observatory (JAO) and the partner organizations in East Asia, Europe, and North America, is pleased to announce the ALMA Cycle 4 Call for Proposals (CfP) for scientific observations to be scheduled from October 2016 to September 2017. It is anticipated that up to 3000 hours of the 12-m Array and up to 1800 hours of the Atacama Compact Array (ACA), also known as the Morita Array, will be available for successful proposals from Principal Investigators (Pls) in Cycle 4. Proposals must be prepared and submitted using the ALMA Observing Tool (OT), which is available for download from the ALMA Science Portal (www.almascience.org). Proposals will be assessed by competitive peer review by a single international review committee.

ALMA Cycle 4 proposal submission will open at:

15:00 UT on Tuesday 22 March 2016.

The ALMA Cycle 4 proposal submission deadline is:

15:00 UT on Thursday 21 April 2016.

Table 1 summarizes these and other important milestones for Cycle 4.

ALMA provides continuum and spectral line capabilities for wavelengths from 0.32 mm to 3.6 mm, and for angular resolutions from 0.024" to 3.7" on the 12-m Array. Cycle 4 offers several new technical capabilities, including Solar, millimeter-wavelength Very Long Baseline Interferometry (mm VLBI), spectral-line linear polarization, and ACA stand-alone observations. In addition, for the first time ALMA will accept Large Proposals, which are programs that request more than 50 hours of time on the 12-m Array or the ACA in stand-alone mode to address key scientific questions. Up to 15% of the available time will be allocated to Large Proposals.

The <u>Proposer's Guide</u> provides all the necessary information needed for submitting proposals including an overview of the types of proposals offered in Cycle 4 (Section. 4), information on planning (Section. 5) and submitting (Section. 6) proposals, and an overview of technical capabilities (Appendix A). Investigators are also strongly encouraged to review the <u>ALMA User's Policies</u> which describe the long term core policies used by ALMA and describes the policies for proposal change requests and the requirements for the use of ALMA data. Questions about proposal preparation and submission, data use or general ALMA policies should be submitted through the <u>ALMA Helpdesk</u>).

Table 1: The ALMA Cycle 4 Timeline

Date

Milestone

Phase I: Observing tool

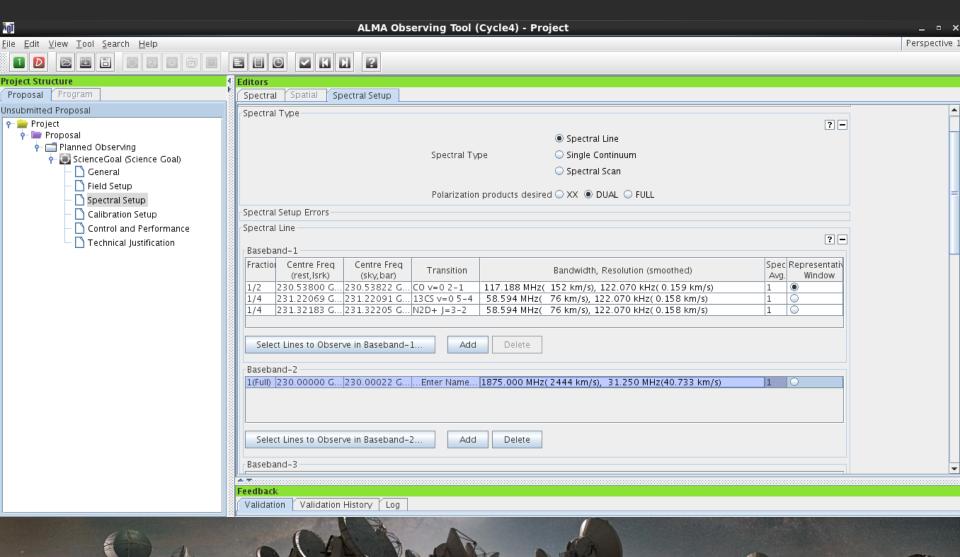


- Java tool mandatory to prepare and submit the proposal
- Need the updated version
- Complex: do not start at the latest moment



Phase I: Observing tool





Phase I: Observing tool



- Java tool mandatory to prepare and submit the proposal
- Need the updated version
- Complex: do not start at the latest moment
- Documentation:
 - OT quick start
 - Video tutorial

Phase I: Observing tool



In case of any problem, do not hesitate to

- Consult
 - Troubleshooting page
 - Known OT issues
- Write to the helpdesk (recommended)

Access through the science portal

Write to the ARC node

Helpdesk





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Aug 23, 2016

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Aug 08, 2016

Helpdesk

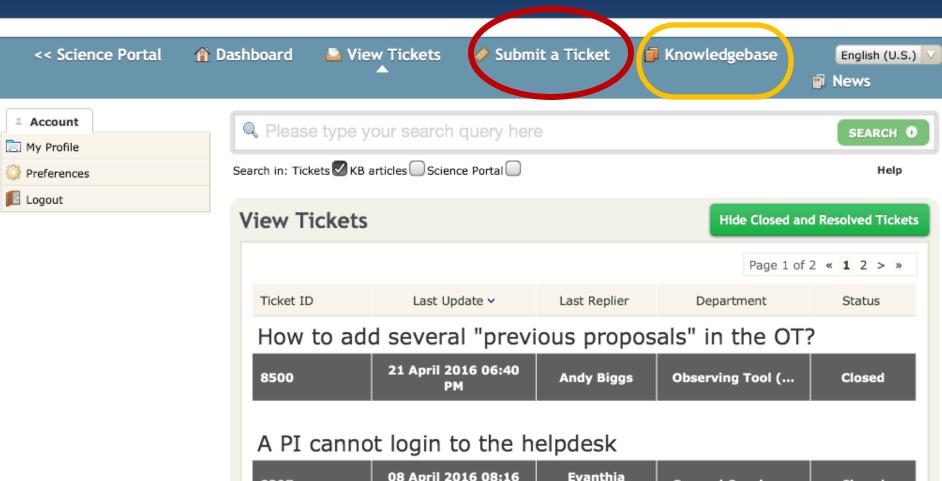




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You get time! Phase II



<u>Preparation of the "Scheduling Block" SB</u> <u>Until cycle 3:</u>

- Each project has a contact scientist "CS" and a "P2G" assigned
- Science Block "SB" prepared by "batch" along the year, according to the antenna configuration schedule
- SB prepared by the P2G (Phase 2 Generator) at ESO
- Send to the CS (contact scientist) in an ARC node
- The CS check the file, ask question give comments to the P2G, then send the file to the PI
- PI check the file, comments, ask questions to the CS
- The CS reply to the PI, or transmit the question to ESO, or ask the PI to do a "change request" via the helpdesk
- When the PI is happy, CS ask P2G to submit the file to the archive i.e. the project is in the observing queue!



PI @ home

CS @ node

P2G @ ESO



PI @ home

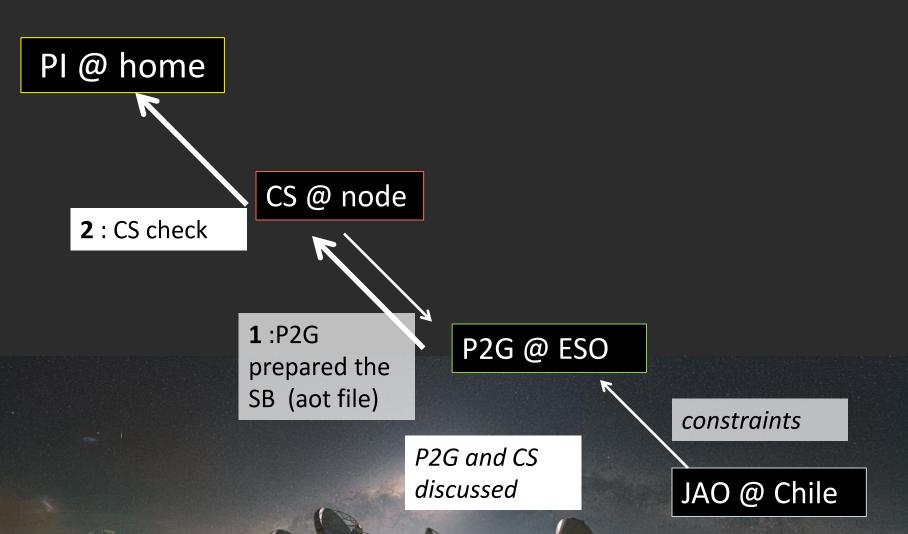
CS @ node

1:P2G prepared the SB (aot file)

P2G @ ESO

constraints







3 : PI check

PI @ home

2 : CS check

CS @ node

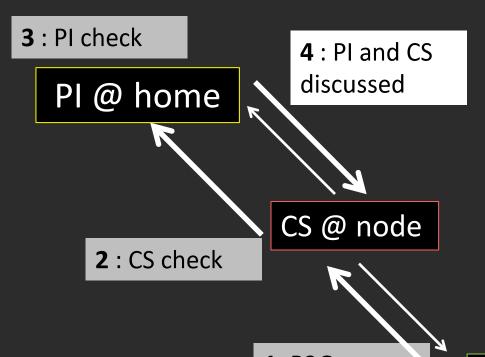
1:P2G prepared the SB (aot file)

P2G @ ESO

P2G and CS discussed

constraints





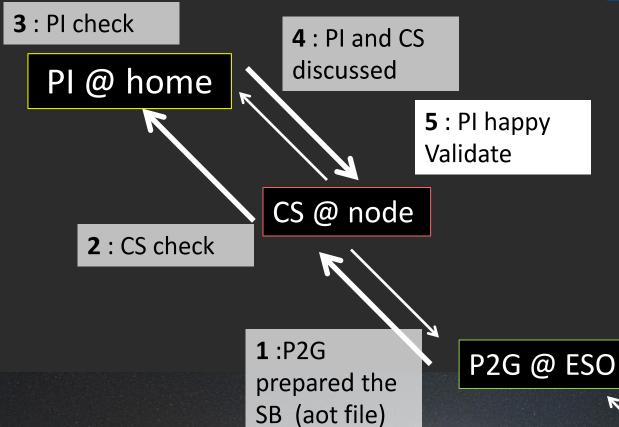
1:P2G prepared the SB (aot file)

P2G @ ESO

P2G and CS discussed

constraints

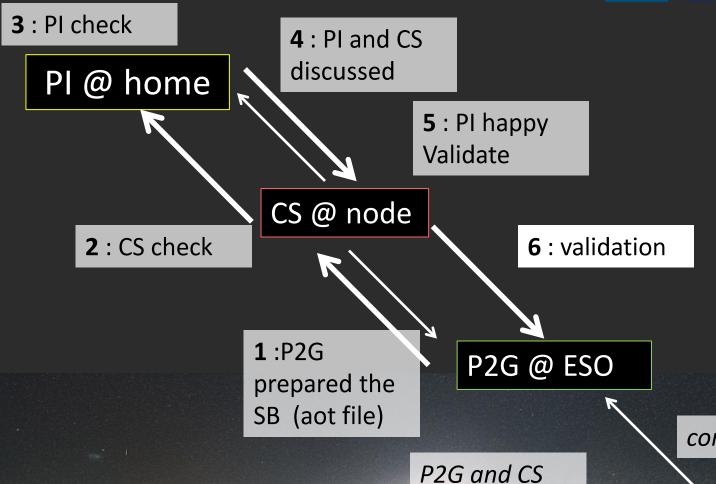




P2G and CS constraints

discussed

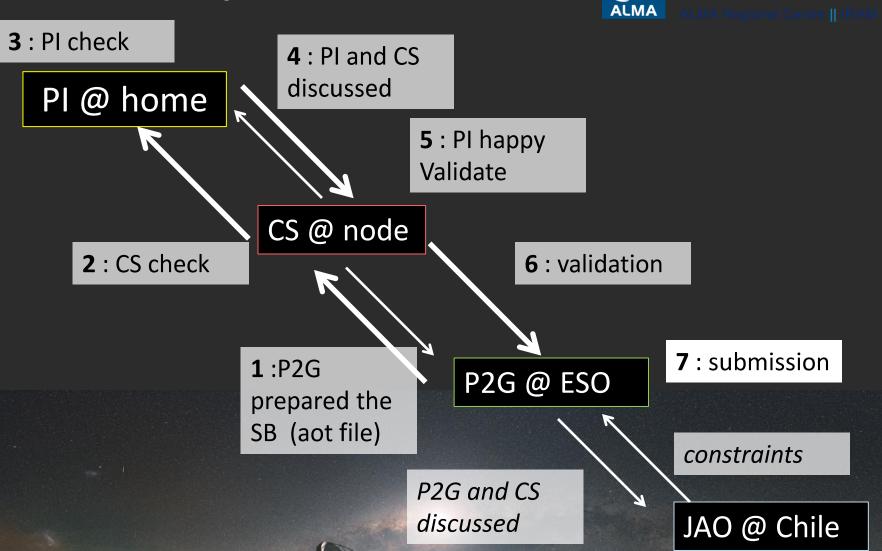




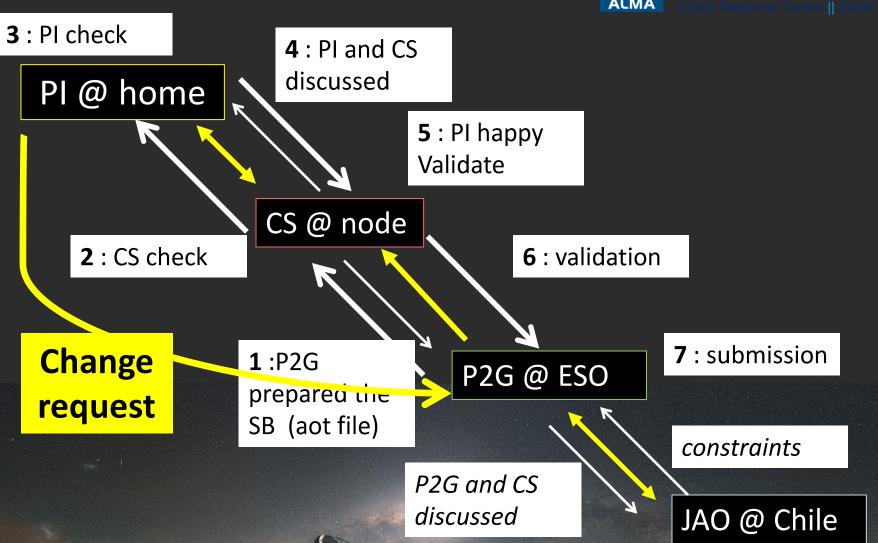
discussed

constraints

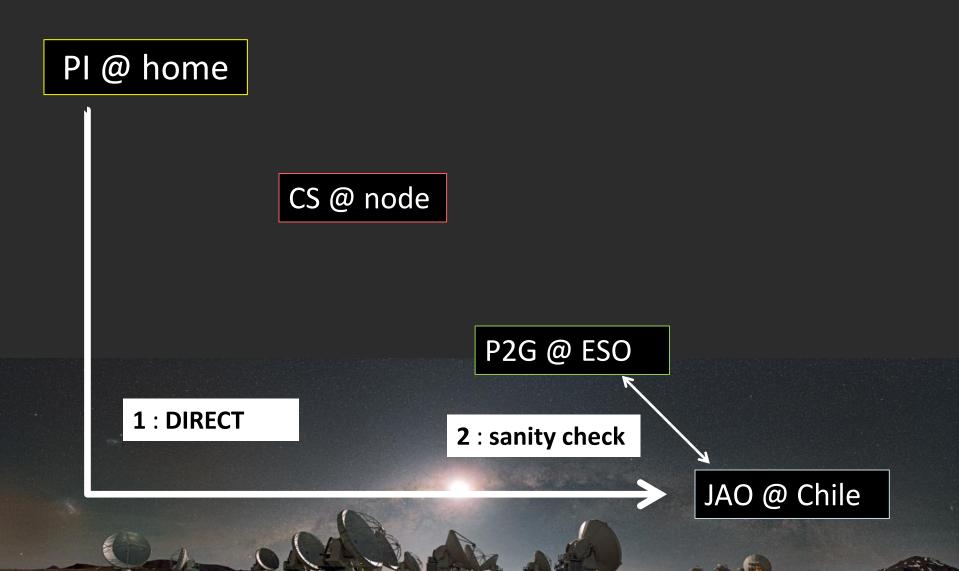




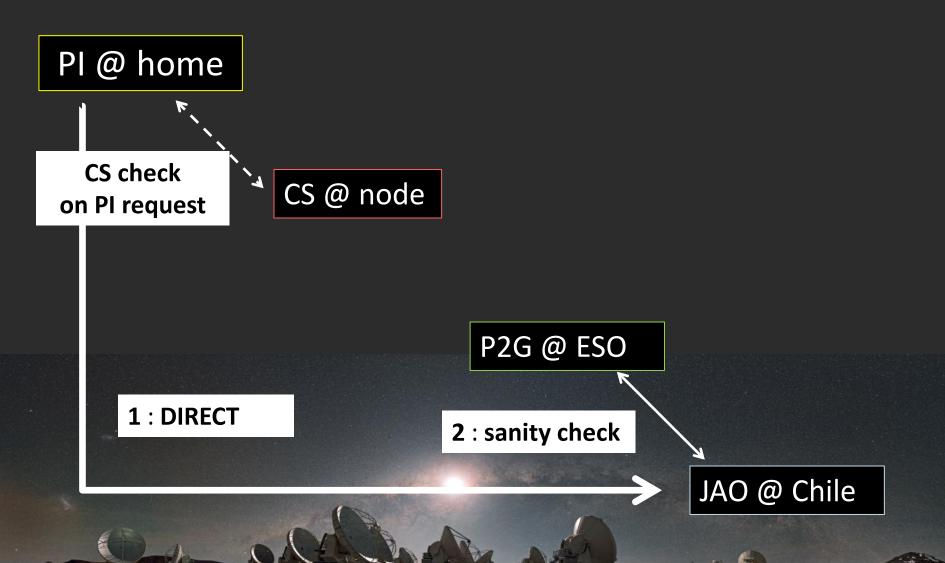




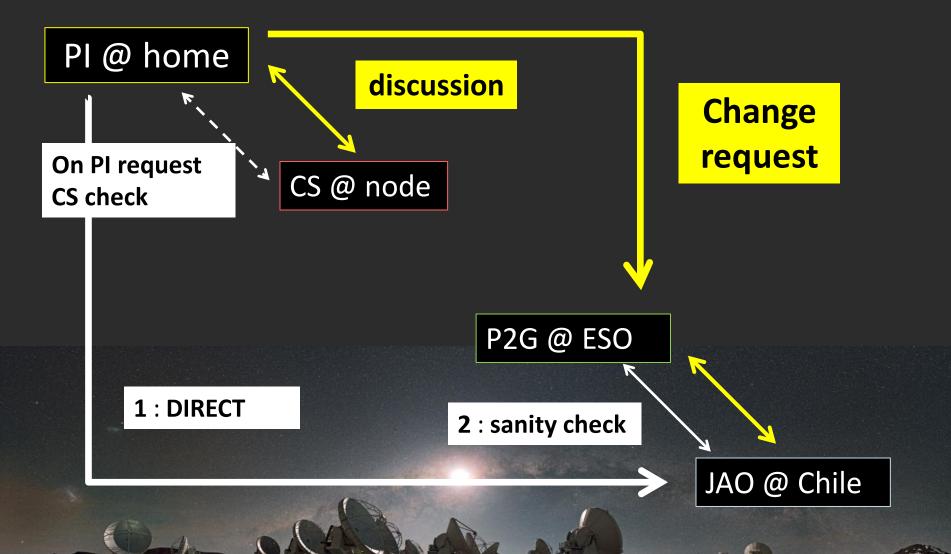




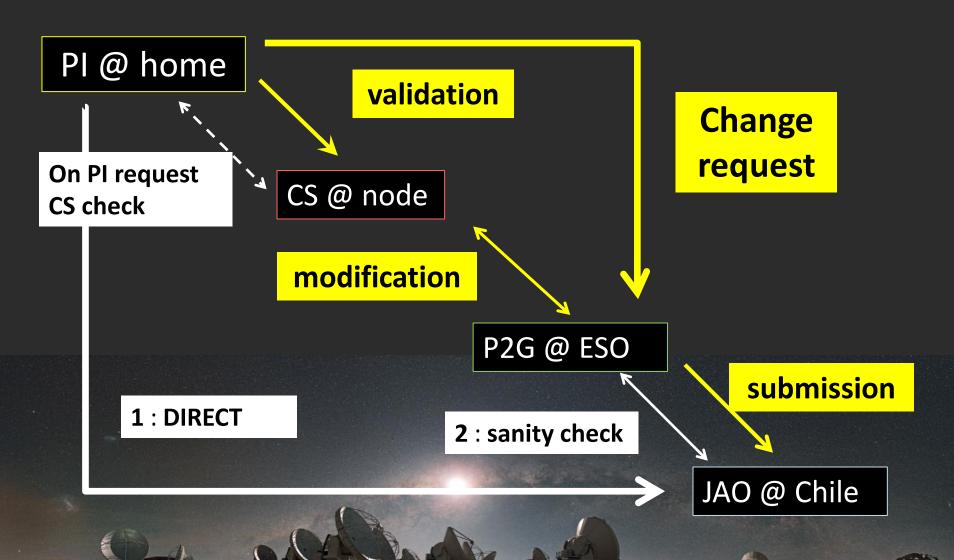














Preparation of the "Scheduling Block" SB

From cycle 4:

- All project prepared in 1 batch
- PI of "standard" project generate the SB thanks to the OT
 - Minor change by the PI
 - Major change by P2G, after "change request" (HD)
- CS assigned to each project,
 cannot access the files, check only on PI request
- Hard deadline mid of September (project downgraded)



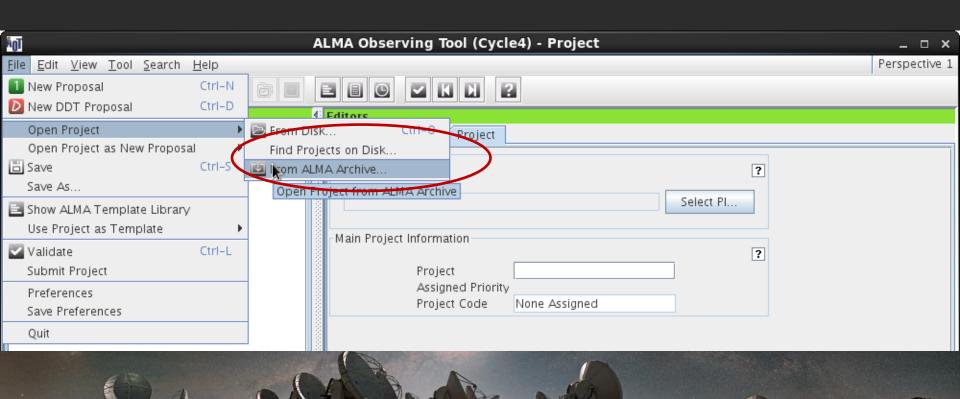
Phase II: OT



With the OT

Get the *.aot file

- from your CS (via Helpdesk) up to cycle 3
- From the archive (via OT, file > open project > From ALMA archive)



Phase II: OT



With the OT

Get the *.aot file

- from your CS (via Helpdesk) up to cycle 3
- From the archive (via OT, file > open project > From ALMA archive)

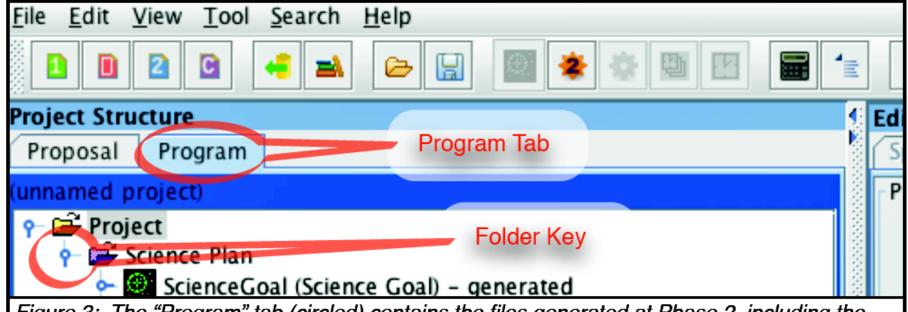


Figure 3: The "Program" tab (circled) contains the files generated at Phase 2, including the SBs. Clicking the folder key symbol exposes or hides the contents of the file. Right-clicking the key symbol and selecting "Expand all" allows you to see all the files under that key.

Phase II: OT



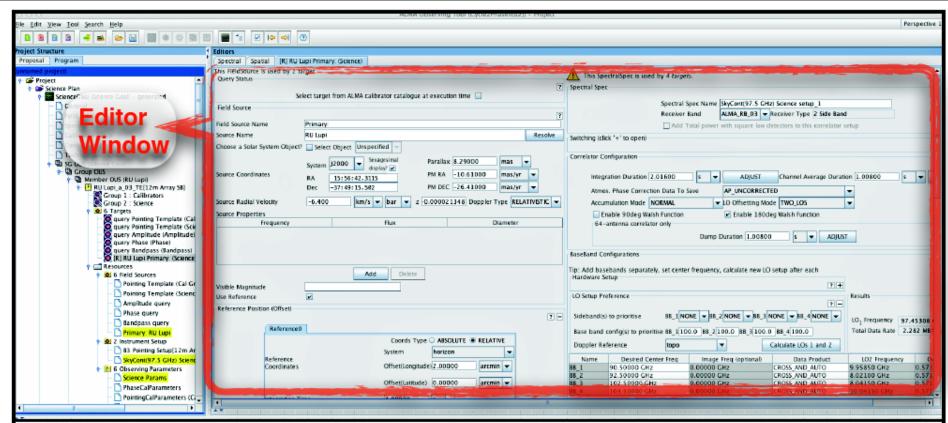


Figure 6: All observing parameters for the SB are viewable in the Editor Window.

Several configuration and/ot ACA :

→multiple "science Block" for 1 "Science Goal"

Phase II: documentation





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Phase 2

Phase 2 generation for Cycle 4

All Projects approved for observations with ALMA need to go through the Phase 2 generation. In Cycle 4, Pls of approved ALMA Projects are responsible for generating and submitting Phase 2 Scheduling Blocks (SBs). The Phase 2 submission deadline is September 15, 2016 at 1500 UT. Shortly after receiving the notification letters, PIs of approved projects are contacted by ALMA via a Helpdesk ticket. Any necessary communication between the PI and ALMA concerning the approved project should proceed by replying to this Helpdesk ticket. The only exception is for official change requests, which require an official change request ticket to be opened. The Project Helpdesk ticket is assigned to a Contact Scientist who will be happy to assist with any queries that may arise. However, it is in no way mandatory to reply to the Helpdesk ticket if the PI is able to generate and submit the Phase 2 products to their satisfaction.

PIs of approved Projects should consult the following references:

- Phase 2 QuickStart Guide provides instructions on generating and submitting Phase 2 SBs.
- . User's Guide to ALMA Scheduling Blocks describes how to understand the structure and content of ALMA Scheduling Blocks (SBs) using the Observing Tool (OT).

Users may also reference the ALMA Proposer's Guide and the ALMA Technical Handbook for the present Cycle.

Phase II: documentation



Doc 4.19, ver. 1 | 2 August, 2016

A User's Guide to
ALMA Scheduling Blocks
(Cycle 4)



During observation



For each SB (i.e. 1 freq /source/ant.conf), first status = "READY"

- 1 observation = 1 EB,
- After each EB : QAO (sanity check)
- When the requested # of QAO PASS EB is reached

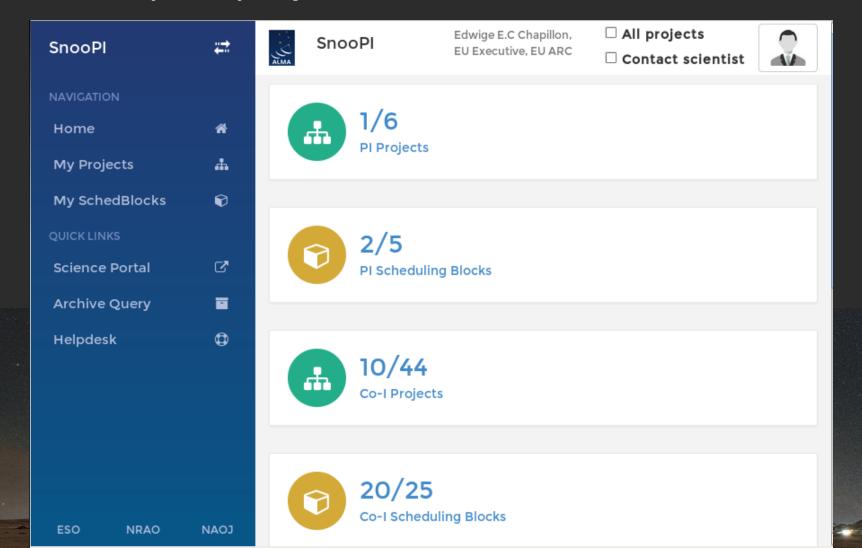
→ "fullyObserved"

- Then go to QA2
 - Standard projects calibration with the pipeline at JAO
 - Others calibrated "by hand" at the ARC (nodes)
 - Images still by hand at the ARC (nodes)
 - DRM (Data Reduction Manager) at ARC decide if it is PASS of FAIL
 Pipeline should do more and more
- If FAIL go back to the observation queue
- If PASS delivered to PI status "delivered"

SnooPl



Follow your project status on the "SnooPI"



SnooPl



Follow your project status on the "SnooPI"

€ Sch	nedule blocks		Search	Q
Project	▲ SB Name ▲	SB UID ▲	SB Status ▲	Executions
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X75fbd6/	′X27 🗳	2/2
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X75fbd6/	′X28 🗳	6/6
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X75fbd6/	′X29 🔴	0/6
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X75fbd6/	/X2a 🔴	0/6
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X6444ba/	′X5d 🔴	0/2
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X6444ba/	/X5e 🔴	0/2
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X6444ba/	′X5f	0/1
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X6444ba/	′x60 <u></u>	0/1
2012.1.00		uid://A002/X6444ba/	′X61 🔴	0/1
2012.1.01		uid://A002/X6444ba/	∕Xb1 ▲	1/2
2012.1.01		uid://A002/X6444ba/	∕Xb2 ✓	2/2
2012.1.01		uid://A002/X6444ba/	∕Xb3 x	0/3



One of your SB is observed (i.e. not necessary all your project!)

- Proprietary period start the day of delivery, i.e. is different for each SB
- **Delivered data** consist of a tree of directories:

For each SB:

- Raw data (asdm format) "raw" [optional]
- Calibration and imaging scripts used for the QA2 "script"
- Plots made during the QA2 "qa"
- Images "product"
- Calibration table "calibration"



One of your SB is observed (i.e. not necessary all your project!)

- Proprietary period start the day of delivery, i.e. is different for each SB
- **Delivered data** consist of a tree of directories:

When the reduction is done by the pipeline:

- The scripts are non human readable
- The plots are stored in an html "weblog"
- The tree and the plots change from a version of the pipeline to an other



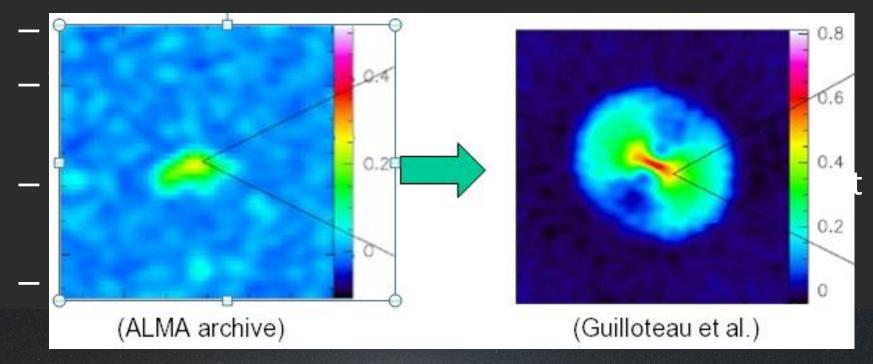
- You may want to check the calibration, and/or redo imaging
- You need to rerun the calibration scripts to have the calibrated visibilities, using the SAME CASA version used by the QA2 (not always the same for all SB)
- To got some help:
 - CASA guides casaguides.nrao.edu
 - Question to the helpdesk
 - do a F2F visit in an ARC node (you can chose a different node from your CS or "standard" affiliation)
- In case of problem, ask for re-reduction and/or re-observation via the helpdesk = QA3



- Do not believe blindly the data delivery!
 - Calibration problems (less and less)
 - Too much flagging
 - Could flag your line of interest
 - "Quick and dirty" imaging (human pipeline best effort basis)
 - Only the main scientific target (source and line) are imaged, but data are often much more rich



Do not believe blindly the data delivery!



Do a careful imaging (e.g. self-calibration)

The ALMA observatory



Data mining



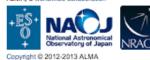




Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array



ESO	NRAO NAOJ Log in Register Reset Password Forgot Account
About	You are here: Home / Data / Archive
Science	Archive
Proposing	Archive Query
Observing	Documentation
Data	We provide a comprehensive ALMA Science Archive Manual.
Archive	Data delegation
Calibrator Catalogue	Pls can grant access to one of their projects to a registered ALMA user by logging into the Science Portal, going to the user profile page in the top right corner and then adding delegees in the "Project delegation" tab.
Science Verification	
Data Processing	Cycle 0 content
Documents & Tools	Please go here to see the content of the Cycle 0 deliveries.
Knowledgebase/FAQ	
User Services at ARCs	
 Helpdesk 	
 ALMA Calendars 	
EU ARC	
 NA ARC 	
 EA ARC 	
	Site Map Accessibility Contact Privacy Statement





EUROPEAN ARC

ALMA Science Archive Query

Query Form

Results Table

Search

Reset

Time

Observation date Integration time

Polarisation

Query Help

Polarisation type

Position

Source name (Resolver) Source name (ALMA)

RA Dec

Spatial resolution Largest angular scale

Observation

Water vapour

Project

Energy

Frequency

Bandwidth

Band

Spectral resolution

Project code Project title

PI name

Project abstract

Publication count

Publication

Authors

Title

Abstract

Options

Vic w:

raw data

project

publication

public data only

✓ science observations only





ALMA Science Archive Query

Query Form

Results Table

Submit download request

Results Bookmark Export Table Resu

Showing 94 of 94 rows.								
	Project code	Source name	Band	Integration	Release date 🔺	Velocity resolution	Frequency support	Spatial resolution
Filter:						m/s V		
	2012.1.00681.S	hd_163296	7	2630.88	2015-08-01	171.02	278.68290.67GHz	0.34
	2013.1.01268.S	HD163296	6	2751.84	2015-09-12	167.52	216.07233.99GHz	0.35
	2013.1.01268.S	HD163296	6	2751.84	2015-09-12	167.52	216.07233.99GHz	0.35
	2013.1.01268.S	HD163296	6	2751.84	2015-09-12	167.52	216.07233.99GHz	0.35
	2013.1.01268.S	HD163296	6	756	2015-09-12	167.52	216.07233.99GHz	0.35
	2013.1.01268.S	HD163296	6	756	2015-09-12	167.51	216.08233.99GHz	0.42
	2013.1.00366.S	HD_163296	6	2993.76	2015-10-07	41.67	216.08233.70GHz	0.44
	2013.1.00366.S	HD_163296	6	2993.76	2015-10-07	41.67	216.09233.71GHz	0.43
	2013.1.00366.S	HD_163296	6	2993.76	2015-10-07	41.67	216.09233.71GHz	0.42
	2013.1.00366.S	HD_163296	6	2993.76	2015-10-07	41.67	216.09233.71GHz	0.43
	2013.1.00366.S	HD_163296	6	2993.76	2015-10-07	41.67	216.09233.71GHz	0.42
	2013.1.00527.S	HD_163296	8	786.24	2016-05-28	593.74	479.24494.97GHz	0.37
	2013.1.00226.S	hd_163296	6	1209.6	2016-06-29	145.81	241.53260.56GHz	0.45
	2013.1.00226.S	hd_163296	6	786.24	2016-06-29	145.83	241.50260.53GHz	0.38



Table Res

ALMA Scienc

Query Form Results

Submit download requ

Showing 94 of 94 rows.

	Project code
Filter:	
	2012.1.00681.S

2013.1.01268.S

2013.1.01268.S

2013.1.01268.S

2013.1.01268.S 2013.1.01268.S

2013.1.00366.S

2013.1.00366.S

2013.1.00366.S

2013.1.00366.S

2013.1.00366.S

2013.1.00527.S

2013.1.00226.S

2013.1.00226.S

Add/remove displayed columns

Drag & drop columns above or below the red bar, move the red bar itself or click on the checkboxes.

Reorder columns

Observation date

Drag & drop the columns or drag & drop the column headers directly in the results table.

Show all columns Reset column order Order alphabetically

Project code		Project code, in the form YYYY.NNNNN.C.AAA, where:
Source name		Name of the source as registered in the ASDM. Partial matches through wildcards (?, *), and boolean OR expressions (" "), can be used.
✓ Band		ALMA receiver band.
Integration	s	Aggregated integration time for the field in the ASDM.
Release date		
Velocity resolution	m/s	Estimated velocity resolution from all the spectral windows, from frequency resolution.
Frequency support	GHz	All frequency ranges used by the field
Spatial resolution		
Frequency resolution	kHz	Estimated frequency resolution from all the spectral windows, using median values of channel widths.
Dec	deg	Declination of the field pointing.
RA	deg	Right Ascension of the field pointing.
Pol products		Polarisation products provided.

Archive and data mining



ALMA Request Handler

Login

Anonymous User: Request #559648521 ✓

Request Title: Click to edit

Download Selected

Include Raw				
Project / OUSet / Executionblock	File		Size	Accessible
▼				
▼ 📵 🚞 Project 2012.1.00681.S				
▼ Science Goal OUS uid://A002/X684eb5/X24d				
▼ ☐ ☐ Group OUS uid://A002/X684eb5/X24e				
Member OUS uid://A002/X684eb5/X24f				
✓ Product	2012.1.00681.S_uid	A002 X684eb5 X24f 001 of 001.tar	412.1MB	✓
□ 🖺 raw	2012.1.00681.S uid	A002_X8254f0_Xeba.asdm.sdm.tar	43.7GB	✓
			Total: 44.1GB	

Exactly the same delivery as for PI

- Same structure,
- Same scripts ...







To have a gateway to be able to:

- View and analyze images
 - from CASA into GILDAS
 - from GILDAS into CASA
- Make operations on visibilities
 - from CASA with GILDAS (not straightforward)
 - From GILDAS with CASA
- Thanks to (UV)FITS
- Calibration is done in the corresponding software (CASA for ALMA, GILDAS/CLIC for NOEMA)



Why?

- Users are used to some software
- Users have developed dedicated tools in one software
- Analysis of data coming from different instruments

Why in GILDAS?

- Imaging faster (and better in some cases)
- Access to specific data reduction and analysis tools
 - Short-spacing inclusion: 30m+ALMA
- Publication-quality plots

Also available

- ALMA imaging simulator
- ASTRO tools for correlator setup



Difference of philosophy

CASA

- Topocentric frame
- No source systemic velocity
- 2 polarizations
- Everything done in one software, complex data
- 1file contains everything
- Mosaic: 1 file include all the fields

GILDAS

- LSR in source frame
- Source systemic velocity
- polarization
- Calibration/imaging independent steps
- Header + data file
- Mosaic: 1 file per field



Images CASA → GILDAS

- "QA2" product (i.e. observatory delivery) images are in LSRK or BARYCENTRIC frame
- "QA2" product fits image are in "frequency" mode
- casa> exportfits (image = 'my-image.image',fitsimage = 'my-image.fits', velocity=T)
- Mapping> let name my-image
- Mapping> let type fits
- Mapping> go bit / go map / go view



Images GILDAS → CASA

- Frame: LSR from the source
- Mapping > fits my-image.fits from my-image.gdf
- CASA> importfits(fitsimage= 'my-image.fits', imagename= 'my-image.image')



Filler CASA- GILDAS Visibilities CASA → GILDAS



split 1 file per field and per spw, without the flags

CASA> split(vis='calibrated.ms', outputvis='field1-spw0.ms', field = '1', spw='0', keepflags=F)

Option datacolumn CORRECTED or DATA

Correct for TOPO to LSR or BARY

CASA> cvel(vis='field1-spw0.ms', outputvis='field1-spw0-cvel.ms', outframe='LSRK', restfreq='245.8GHz')

Export

CASA> exportuvfits(vis='field1-spw0-cvel.ms',
fitsfile='field1-sp0.uvfits', multisource=F)



Visibilities CASA → GILDAS

MAPPING> @fits_to_uvt field1-spw0 field1-spw0 [FREQUENCY 238500 VELOCITY 6 LINE CO]

- 1. uvfits name without extension (should be uvfits)
- uvt name without extension (will be uvt)
- 3. Rest frequency in MHz (optional)
- 4. Source systemic velocity in km/s (optional)
- 5. Line name (optional)



Visibilities CASA → GILDAS

In details, fits_to_uvt do:

- Convert uvfits to uvt (fits /style casa)
- Extracting/collapsing the polarization (uv_splitpolar)
- Re-calculate the weights (uv_noise)
- Exclude points with "unusual" weight (uv_trim)
- Recalculate the velocity axis according to the source systemic velocity (modify)
- Other "details" (source coordinates ...)



Visibilities CASA → GILDAS

MAPPING> @fits_to_uvt field1-spw0 field1-spw0 [FREQUENCY 238500 VELOCITY 6 LINE CO]

IF you have this problem:

DOUBLE time discontinuity, I cannot treat

F-SYSTEM, Exit code 44 from call to SYSEXI

Decrease the value of "space_gildas" in ~/.gag.dico



Visibilities GILDAS → CASA

1 procedure

MAPPING> fits source.uvfits from source.uvt /style CASA

Then

CASA> importuvfits(fitsfile='source.uvfits', vis='source.ms')



Getting some help



EUROPEAN ARC



Institut de Radioastronomie Millimétrique



EUROPEAN ARC
ALMA Regional Centre || IRAM

IRAM ARC node

- About the IRAM ARC node
- IRAM involvement in the ALMA construction
- Visiting program
- Contact

Schools & Workshops Users support Docs & Tools

Useful links:

ALMA Science Portal ALMA Helpdesk

For ARC staff:

Wiki IRAM Wiki ESO

Contact us: arc@iram.fr

IRAM ARC Node

IRAM has established an ALMA user support center, which forms a node of the European ALMA Regional Center (ARC). The ARC nodes are providing support to the community in the preparation of ALMA observations and in data processing and analysis. More about the IRAM ARC node.

What you can find on this site:

- School & Workshops organized by IRAM
- Users support at IRAM (including face-to-face)
- Docs & Tools available at IRAM (including GILDAS tools for ALMA)

ALMA Observations & Data

Useful links

- ALMA science portal
- · Current status of the array
- List of high-priority projects (with status and links to public data)
- Science Verification projects: status & plans | data already released
- ALMA data archive query
- · ALMA articles and publications



IRAM Memo 2014-?

From CASA to GILDAS I - GILDAS Data Format Version 2

S. Guilloteau¹, E. Chapillon^{1,2}, F. Gueth², G. Dumas² 1. LAB (Bordeaux) 2. IRAM (Grenoble)

October 20, 2014–version 2.0

Abstract

With the advent of ALMA, IRAM users may prefer at some point to handle their ALMA data in GILDAS rather than in CASA¹, vice versa to handle IRAM data into CASA. This document describes the different ways to do so, and what are the benefits and limitations of the process. This document only covers calibrated data, either UV data or images. There is (currently) no plan to handle uncalibrated



Documentation:

IRAM ARC node website:

www.iram.fr/IRAMFR/ARC

www.iram.fr/IRAMFR/ARC/documents/filler/casa-gildas.pdf

Contact : arc@iram.fr, gildas@iram.fr



Getting some help



- ALMA Science portal (EU, NA or EA), documentation almascience.eso.org
- ALMA Helpdesk for question related to the instrument or project
- CASA helpdesk at NRAO
- IRAM ARC node
 - website : www.iram.fr/IRAMFR/ARC
 - www.iram.fr/IRAMFR/ARC/documents/filler/casa-gildas.pdf
 - Contact : arc@iram.fr

Do not hesitate to contact us





Thank you!



